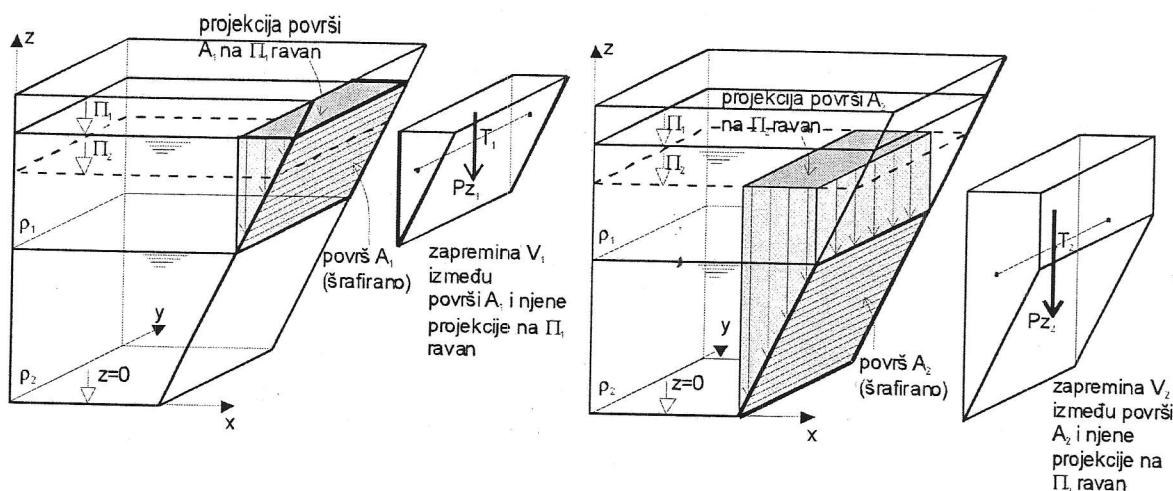


Vežba H3 - VERTIKALNA KOMPONENTA HIDROSTATIČKE SILE

Definicija: Vertikalna komponenta hidrostatičke sile kojom fluid deluje na površinu jednaka je težini fluida koji se može smestiti u zapreminu između površine i njene projekcije na pijeziometarsku ravan (ravan gde je pritisak jednak nuli). Sila prolazi kroz **težište** navedene zapremine.



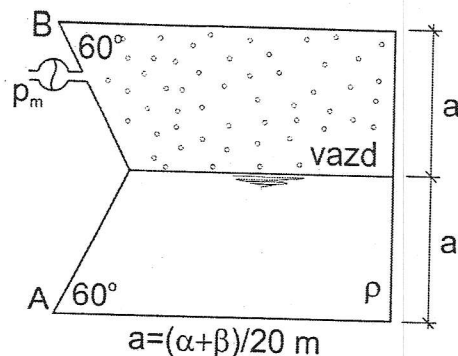
Postupak određivanja vertikalne komponente hidrostatičke sile:

1. Uočiti površ na koju se traži vertikalna sila.
2. Izdeliti površ na onoliko delova sa koliko je različitih fluida u kontaktu.
3. Za svaki fluid proveriti da li Π ravan preseca površ na dva dela. Ako preseca, delove ispod i iznad Π ravni posmatrati odvojeno.
4. Za svaki od delova:
 - **tečnost:**
 - a. projektovati površ na Π ravan;
 - b. uočiti telo između površi i njene projekcije na Π ravan i odrediti mu zapreminu V ;
 - c. odrediti intezitet sile pomoću obrasca $Pz = \rho g V$;
 - d. odrediti mesto delovanja sile (težište zapremine V);
 - e. odrediti smer sile analizirajući pritiske (ako je u fluidu pritisak pozitivan, smer sile je prema površi; a ako je negativan, sila je usmerena od konture).
 - **vazduh:**
 - a. odrediti projekciju površi na horizontalnu ravan;
 - b. odrediti površinu projekcije A_z ;
 - c. sračunati pritisak u vazduhu p_{vaz} ;
 - d. odrediti intezitet sile pomoću obrasca $Pz = p_{vaz} A_z$;
 - e. odrediti mesto delovanja sile (težište površine A_z);
 - f. odrediti smer sile analizirajući pritiske.
5. Vektorski sabrati sve komponente vertikalne sile.

ZADACI ZA OVERU PRISUSTVA NA VEŽBAMA
 (Napomena: slike kotirati u metrima, a ne u opštim brojevima)

ZADATAK 3.1

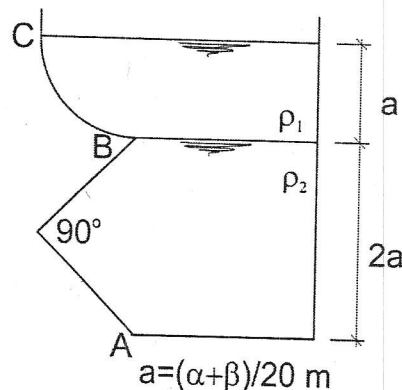
Zatvoren sud ispunjen je vodom ($\rho=1 \text{ kg/dm}^3$) i vazduhom. Ukoliko je pritisak na manometru, $p_m = -0.8(\alpha+\beta) \text{ kPa}$, potrebno je odrediti intenzitet, smer i mesto delovanja vertikalne komponente hidrostatičke sile na zid AB, koji ima širinu 3m u ravni upravnoj na crtež.



ZADATAK 3.2

U otvorenom sudu, nalaze se dve tečnosti poznatih gustina [$\rho_1=(1-\alpha/20) \text{ kg/dm}^3$ i $\rho_2=(1+\alpha/20) \text{ kg/dm}^3$]. Potrebno je odrediti intenzitet, smer i mesto delovanja vertikalne komponente hidrostatičke sile na zid ABC, koji ima širinu 1.5m u ravni upravnoj na crtež.

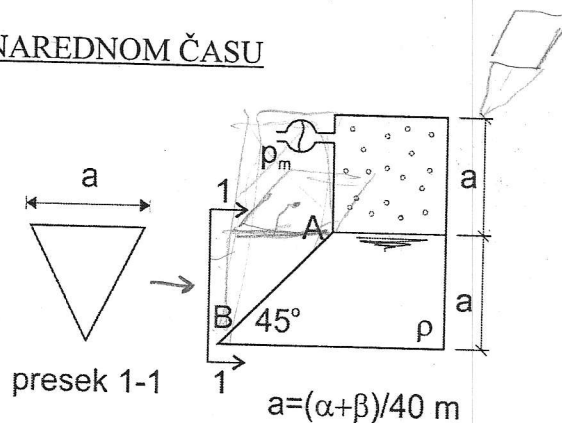
Napomena: Svaku komponentu i njenu pripadajuću zapreminu skicirati posebno.



ZADACI KOJI SE OCENJUJU NA NAREDNOM ČASU

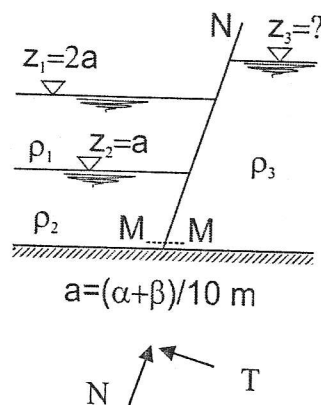
ZADATAK 3.3

Zatvoren sud ispunjen je vodom ($\rho=1 \text{ kg/dm}^3$) i vazduhom. Ukoliko je pritisak na manometru, $p_m=5(\alpha+\beta) \text{ kPa}$, odrediti intenzitet, smer i mesto delovanja ukupne hidrostatičke sile na revizioni poklopac AB, oblika jednakokrakog trougla, čiji je izgled dat u preseku 1-1.

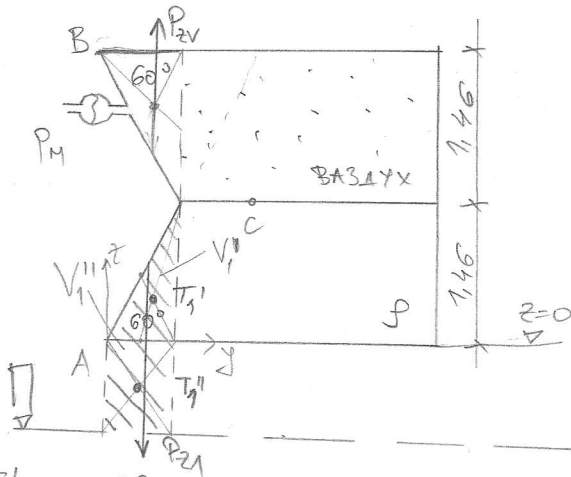


ZADATAK 3.4

Pregrada MN, koja sa horizontalom zaklapa ugao od 60° , razdvaja tri tečnosti. Nivo tečnosti sa desne strane zida, ρ_1 i ρ_2 , su poznati (skica), dok je nivo tečnosti ρ_3 nepoznat [$\rho_1=(1.2-\alpha/30) \text{ kg/dm}^3$, $\rho_2 = (1.2+\alpha/30) \text{ kg/dm}^3$, $\rho_3 = 1.2 \text{ kg/dm}^3$]. Odrediti nepoznati nivo tečnosti z_3 , iz uslova da nema transversalne sile u preseku M-M, odn. da je suma sila upravnih na pravac pregrade u tom preseku jednaka nuli. U ravni upravnoj na crtež, pregrada MN ima širinu $(\alpha+\beta)/5 \text{ m}$. Zanimariti debljinu pregrade, i njenu sopstvenu težinu. Odrediti presečne sile N, T i M u preseku M-M.



①



$$P_{z1} = \rho g \frac{d}{2} = 1000 \cdot 9,81 \cdot \frac{0,92 + 0,92}{2} \cdot 0,843 \cdot 3$$

$$P_{z1} = 40935,66 \text{ N}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{2,38 + 0,92}{2} \cdot 0,843 \cdot 3$$

$$V_1 = 4,173 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_1'' = 0,843 \cdot 0,92 \cdot 3$$

$$V_1' = \frac{0,843 \cdot 1,46}{2} \cdot 3 = 1,846 \text{ m} \quad V_1'' = 2,327 \text{ m}$$

$$T_{1x}' = 0,562 \text{ m}$$

$$T_{1x}'' = 0,422 \text{ m}$$

$$p_M = \rho g (\eta - z_c)$$

$$\eta = \frac{p_M}{\rho g} + z_c$$

$$\eta = \frac{-23,36 \cdot 10^3}{1000 \cdot 9,81} + 1,46$$

$$\eta = -0,92 \text{ m}$$

$$\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\alpha = \frac{d + \Delta}{20} = 1,46$$

$$p_M = -23,36 \text{ kPa}$$

$$L = 3 \text{ m}$$

$$P_{zv} = p_v \cdot A_z = -23,36 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 0,843$$

$$P_{zv} = -59077,44 \text{ N}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \sqrt{3}}{2} = 1,46 \Rightarrow \alpha = 1,686 \text{ m}$$

$$T_x = \frac{V_1' \cdot T_{1x}' + V_1'' \cdot T_{1x}''}{V} = \frac{1,846 \cdot 0,562 + 2,327 \cdot 0,422}{4,173}$$

$$T_x = 0,484 \text{ m}$$

$$P_z = 40935,66 - 59077,44 \Rightarrow$$

$$P_z = -18141,78 \text{ N}$$

$$x = \frac{P_{z1} \cdot T_x - P_{zv} \cdot 0,562}{P_z} = 0,738 \text{ m}$$

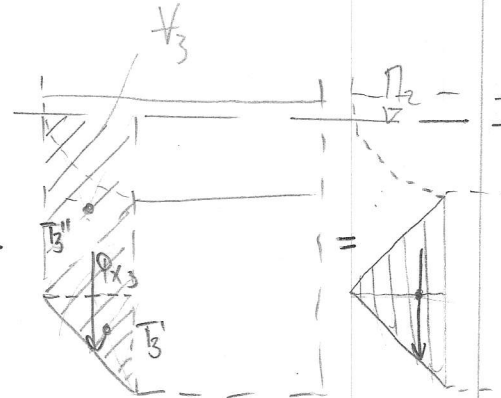
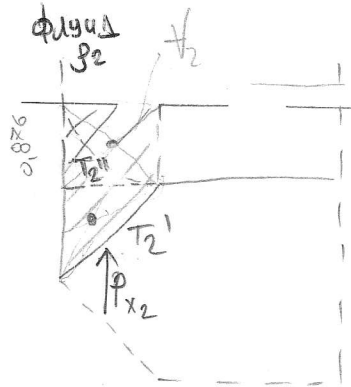
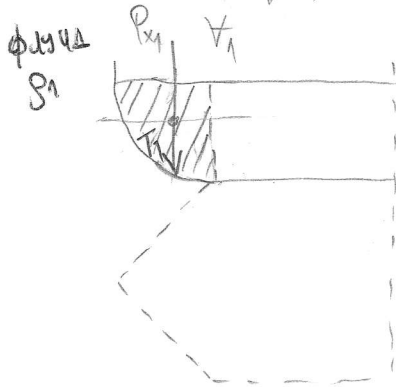
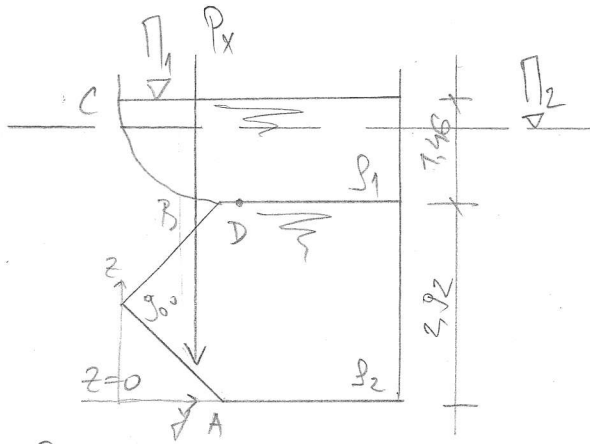


②

$a = \frac{\alpha + b}{20} = 1,46$ $L = 1,5 \text{ m}$

$\rho_1 = 0,75 \text{ kg/dm}^3$

$\rho_2 = 1,25 \text{ kg/dm}^3$



$p_D = \rho_1 g (\pi_1 - z_0)$

$p_D = 750 \cdot 9,81 (4,38 - 2,92)$

$p_D = 10741,95 \text{ Pa}$

$\pi_2 = \frac{p_D}{\rho_2 g} + z_0$

$\pi_2 = \frac{10741,95}{1250 \cdot 9,81} + 2,92$

$\pi_2 = 3,796 \text{ m}$

$\pi_1 = 4,38 \text{ m}$

$V_1 = \frac{1}{4} (r^2 \pi \cdot L) = \frac{1,46^2 \cdot 3,14 \cdot 1,5}{4}$

$V_1 = 2,511 \text{ m}^3$

$V_2 = \frac{a+b}{2} \cdot h \cdot L = \frac{0,876 + 2,336}{2} \cdot 1,46 \cdot 1,5$

$V_2 = 3,517 \text{ m}^3$

$V_3 = \frac{3,796 + 2,336}{2} \cdot 1,46 \cdot 1,5$

$V_3 = 6,714$

$T_{x1} = \frac{4}{3} \frac{R}{\pi} = 0,619 \text{ m}$

$P_{x1} = \rho_1 g V_1 = 750 \cdot 9,81 \cdot 2,511$

$P_{x1} = 18474,68 \text{ N}$

$P_{x3} = \rho_2 g V_3$

$P_{x3} = 82,330,42 \text{ N}$

$T_{x2}' = 0,487 \text{ m}$

$T_{x2}'' = 0,73 \text{ m}$

$T_{x3}' = 0,973 \text{ m}$

$T_{x3}'' = 0,73 \text{ m}$

$P_{x2} = \rho_2 g V_2 = 1250 \cdot 9,81 \cdot 3,517$

$P_{x2} = 43127,21 \text{ N}$

$V_2' = 1,60 \text{ m}^3$

$V_2'' = 1,918 \text{ m}^3$

$V_3' = 1,60 \text{ m}^3$

$V_3'' = 5,116 \text{ m}^3$

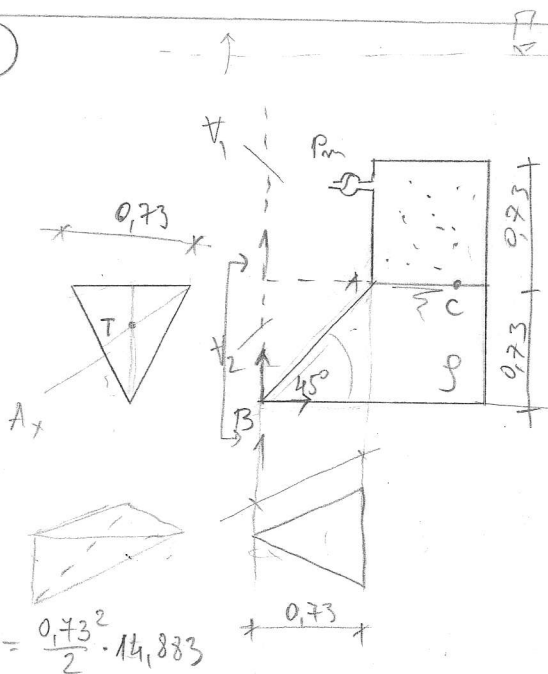
$T_{x2} = \frac{V_2' \cdot T_{x2}' + V_2'' \cdot T_{x2}''}{V_2} = \frac{1,60 \cdot 0,487 + 1,918 \cdot 0,73}{3,517} = 0,619 \text{ m}$

$T_{x3} = \frac{1,60 \cdot 0,973 + 5,116 \cdot 0,73}{6,714} = 0,788 \text{ m}$

$z_x = \frac{P_{x1} \cdot T_{x1} + P_{x3} \cdot T_{x3} - P_{x2} \cdot T_{x2}}{(P_{x1} + P_{x3} - P_{x2})} = \frac{18474,68 \cdot 0,619 + 82330,42 \cdot 0,788 - 43127,21 \cdot 0,619}{57677,89}$

$z_x = 0,860 \text{ m}$

3



$$a = \frac{2+1}{40} = 0,73$$

$$\rho = 1 \text{ kg/dm}^3$$

$$p_m = 5(2+1) = 146 \text{ kPa}$$

$$\Pi = \frac{p_m}{\rho g} + z_c$$

$$A_x = \frac{0,73 \cdot 1,032}{2}$$

$$\Pi = \frac{146 \cdot 10^3}{1000 \cdot 9,81} + 0,73$$

$$A_x = 0,377 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\Pi = 15,613 \text{ m}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{0,73^2}{2} \cdot 14,883$$

$$V_1 = 3,965 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_2 = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{0,73^2}{2} \cdot 0,73$$

$$V = 4,030 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_2 = 0,065 \text{ m}^3$$

$$p_T = \rho g (\Pi - z_T)$$

$$p_T = 1000 \cdot 9,81 (15,613 - 0,487)$$

$$P_z = \rho g V = 1000 \cdot 9,81 \cdot 4,030$$

$$p_T = 148386,06 \text{ Pa}$$

$$P_x = p_T \cdot A_x = 148386,06 \cdot 0,377$$

$$P_z = 39534,30 \text{ N}$$

$$P_x = 55941,54 \text{ N}$$

$$e_z = - \frac{\rho g I_{yy}}{P_x}$$

$$I_{yy} = \frac{1}{36} \cdot 0,73^4 = 7,888 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^4$$

$$e_z = - \frac{1000 \cdot 9,81 \cdot 7,888 \cdot 10^{-3}}{55941,54}$$

$$\Rightarrow e_z = -1,383 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$P_{uz} = \sqrt{P_x^2 + P_z^2} = \sqrt{55941,54^2 + 39534,30^2} \Rightarrow P_{uz} = 68509,22 \text{ N}$$

$$D(x, z) = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 0,73 - 1,383 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0,485$$

$$D(x, z) = (0,487; 0,485)$$



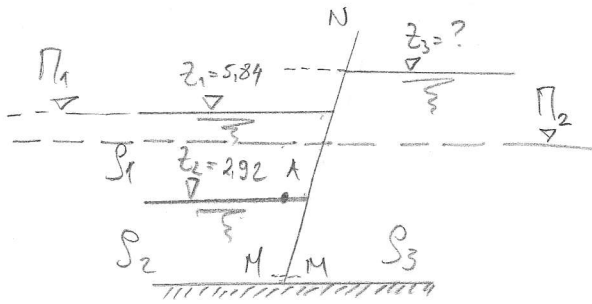
4

$$a = \frac{\alpha + \beta}{10} = \frac{2.92}{10} = 2.92 \text{ m} \quad 60^\circ$$

$$\rho_1 = 1.033 \text{ kg/dm}^3 \quad \rho_2 = 1.367 \text{ kg/dm}^3$$

$$\rho_3 = 1.12 \text{ kg/dm}^3 \quad z_3 = ?$$

$$MN = L = 5.84 \text{ m}$$



$$\Pi_1 = 5.84 \text{ m}$$

$$\Pi_2 = \frac{p_A}{\rho_2 g} + z_A$$

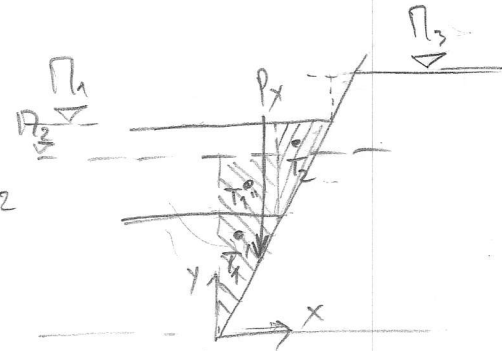
$$p_A = \rho_1 g (\Pi_1 - z_A)$$

$$\Pi_2 = \frac{29590.49}{1367 \cdot 9.81} + 2.92$$

$$p_A = 1033 \cdot 9.81 (5.84 - 2.92)$$

$$p_A = 29590.49 \text{ Pa}$$

$$\Pi_2 = 5.126 \text{ m}$$



$$T_1' = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1.686 = 0.562 \text{ m}$$

$$T_1' = 1.686 \cdot 2.92 \cdot 5.84 \quad T_1'' = 1.686^2 \cdot 5.84$$

$$x = 1.686 \text{ m}$$

$$T_1'' = 0.843 \text{ m}$$

$$T_1' = 28.754 \text{ m}^3$$

$$T_1'' = 16.60 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\Rightarrow T_1 = 45.352 \text{ m}^3$$

$$T_{x2} = 1.686 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1.686 = 2.248 \text{ m}$$

$$T_2 = 1.686 \cdot 2.92 \cdot 5.84 \Rightarrow$$

$$T_2 = 28.751 \text{ m}^3$$

$$P_{z1}' = \rho_2 g T_1' = 1367 \cdot 9.81 \cdot 28.751 \Rightarrow P_{z1}' = 385558.67 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{z1}'' = 1367 \cdot 9.81 \cdot 16.60 \Rightarrow P_{z1}'' = 222610.48 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{z1} = 608169.15 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{z2} = 1033 \cdot 9.81 \cdot 28.751 \Rightarrow P_{z2} = 291354.27 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{x1} = \frac{28.751 \cdot 0.562 + 16.60 \cdot 0.843}{45.352} = 0.665 \text{ m}$$

$$P_z = 899524.02 \text{ N}$$

$$z_x = \frac{608169.15 \cdot 0.665 + 291354.27 \cdot 2.248}{899524.02} = 1.178 \text{ m}$$

$$p_{T1}' = 1367 \cdot 9.81 (5.126 - 1.16)$$

$$\Omega_{x1}' = 2.006 \cdot 2.92 = 6.441 \text{ m}^2$$

$$z_{x1}' = 1.46 \text{ m}$$

$$p_{T1}' = 49162.05 \text{ Pa}$$

$$p_{T1}'' = 55692.85$$

$$\Omega_{x1}'' = 4.263 \text{ m}^2$$

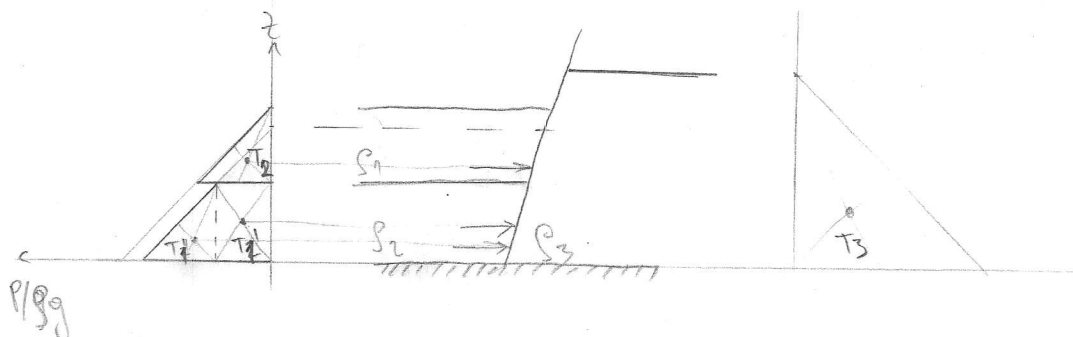
$$z_{x1}'' = 0.973 \text{ m}$$

$$p_{T1}'' = 1367 \cdot 9.81 (5.126 - 0.973)$$

$$\Omega_{x2} = 4.263 \text{ m}^2$$

$$z_{x2} = 3.893 \text{ m}$$

$$p_{T2} = 1033 \cdot 9.81 (5.84 - 3.893) \Rightarrow p_{T2} = 19930.37 \text{ Pa}$$



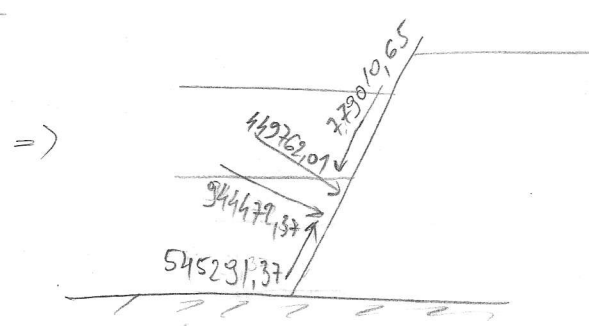
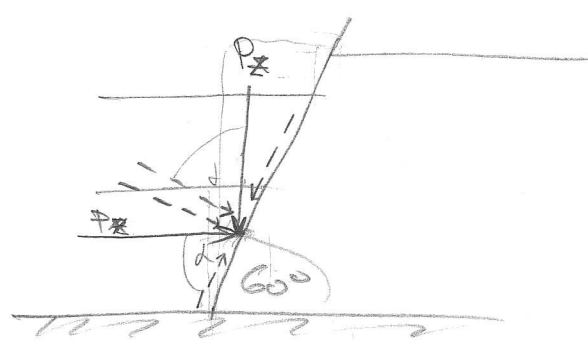
$$P_{x1} = \rho_2 g \Omega x_1 L = 1367 \cdot 9,81 \cdot 6,441 \cdot 5,84 \Rightarrow \boxed{P_{x1} = 504433,21 \text{ N}}$$

$$P_{x1} = 1367 \cdot 9,81 \cdot 4,263 \cdot 5,84 \Rightarrow \boxed{P_{x1} = 333861,01 \text{ N}}$$

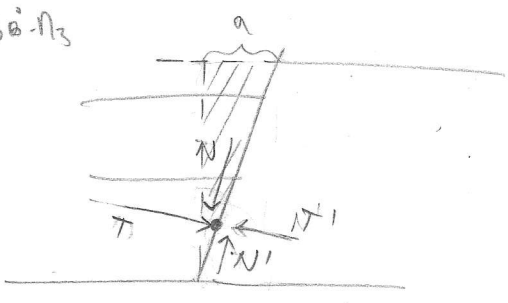
$$P_{x2} = 1033 \cdot 9,81 \cdot 4,263 \cdot 5,84 \Rightarrow \boxed{P_{x2} = 252288,53 \text{ N}}$$

$$\boxed{P_x^L = 1090582,75 \text{ N}}$$

$$z_x = \frac{504433,21 \cdot 1,46 + 333861,01 \cdot 0,973 + 252288,53 \cdot 3,893}{1090582,75} \Rightarrow \boxed{z_x = 1,874 \text{ m}}$$

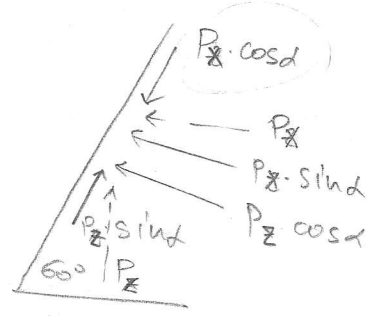


$$a = \text{tg } 30^\circ \cdot \pi_3$$



$$\boxed{T = 1394,23 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\boxed{N = 233,72 \text{ kN}}$$



$$T = P_x \sin \alpha + P_z \cos \alpha$$

$$1394,23 \text{ kN} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} P_x + \frac{1}{2} P_z$$

$$P_z = \rho_3 g \frac{h}{2} = 1200 \cdot 9,81 \cdot \frac{\pi_3^2 \cdot \text{tg } 30^\circ}{2} \cdot 5,84$$

$$P_z^D = 19845,97 \cdot \pi_3^2 = \boxed{697175,61 \text{ N}}$$

$$P_x^D = 34374,24 \pi_3^2 = \boxed{1207543,98 \text{ N}}$$

$$P_x = \rho_3 g \Omega x_3 L$$

$$P_x = 1200 \cdot 9,81 \cdot \frac{\pi_3^2}{2} \cdot 5,84 \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{M = 0}$$

$$N = P_x^D \cos \alpha - P_z^D \sin \alpha$$

$$\boxed{N^D = 0,2 \text{ N} \approx 0 \text{ N}}$$

$$1394230 = \frac{1}{2} 19845,97 \pi_3^2 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} 34374,24 \pi_3^2$$

$$\pi_3^2 = 35,126 \text{ m}$$

$$\boxed{\pi_3 = 5,927 \text{ m}}$$