



Performance evaluation in urban drainage

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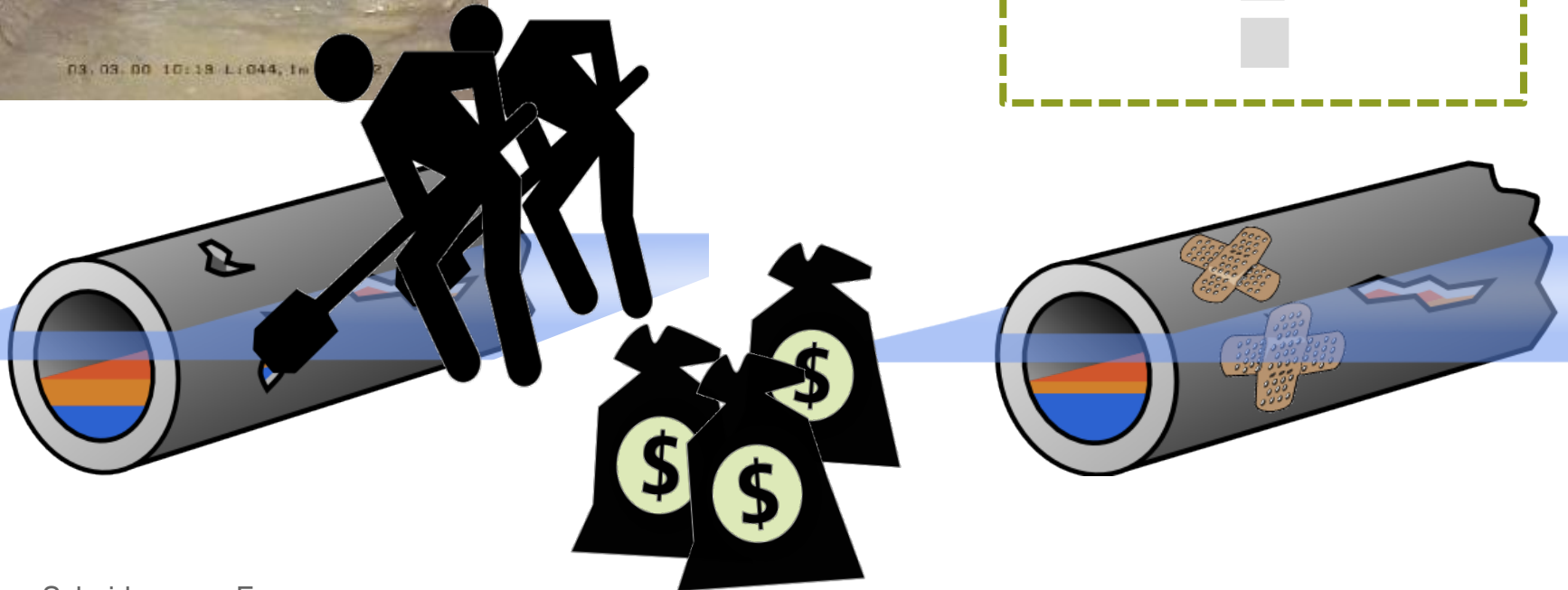
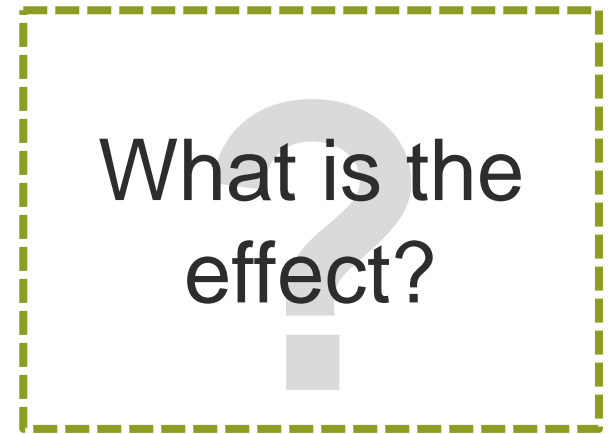
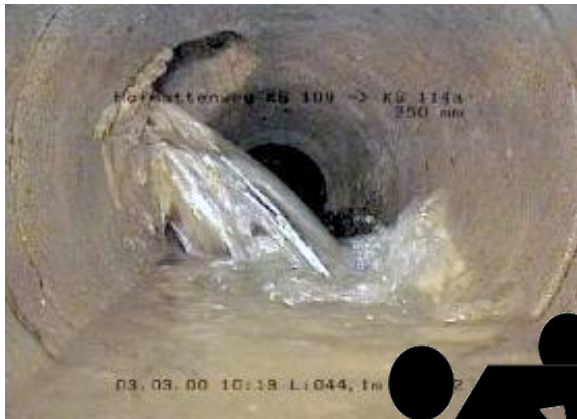


**Philipp
Stauer**



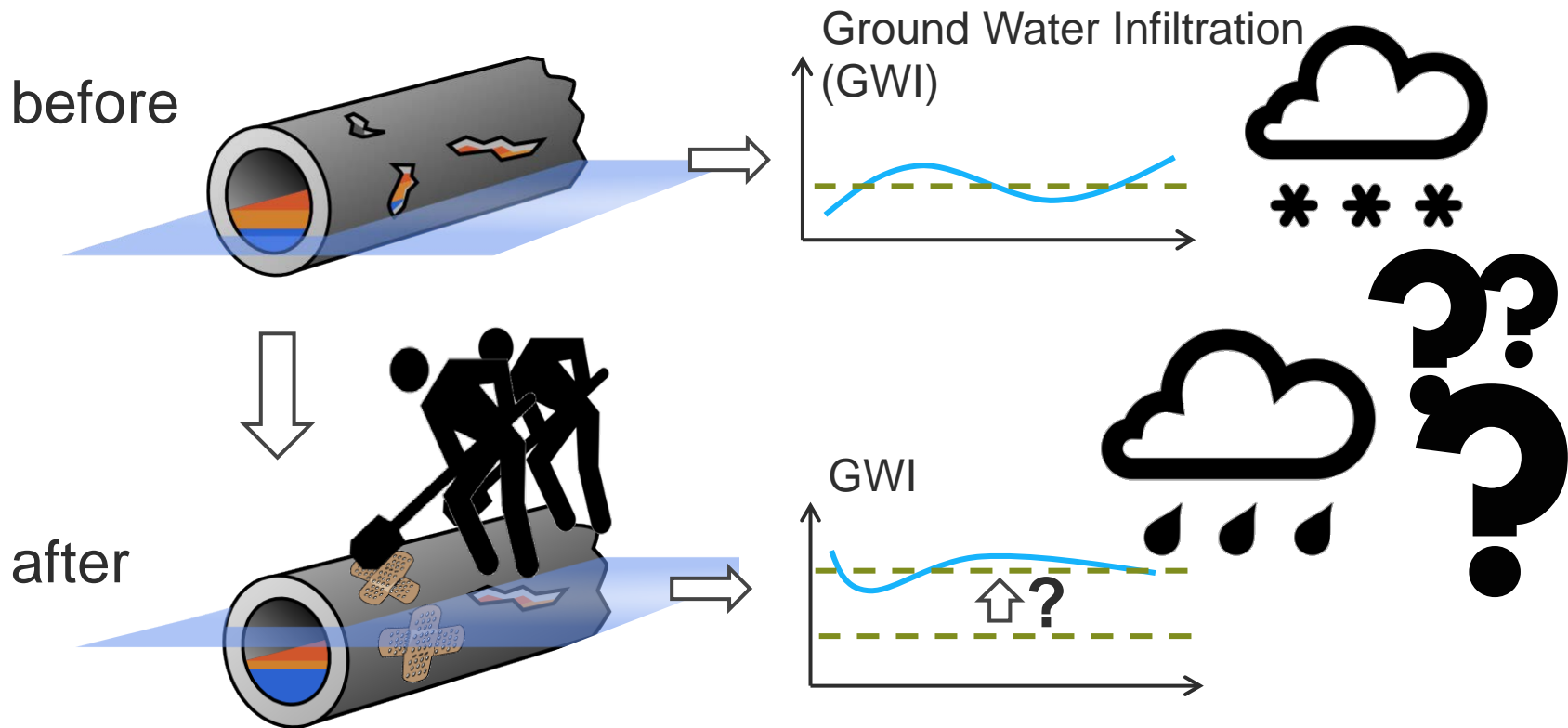
**Jörg
Rieckermann**

Reduction of groundwater infiltration and surface water inflow (I/I)



Performance evaluation

Why is it difficult?

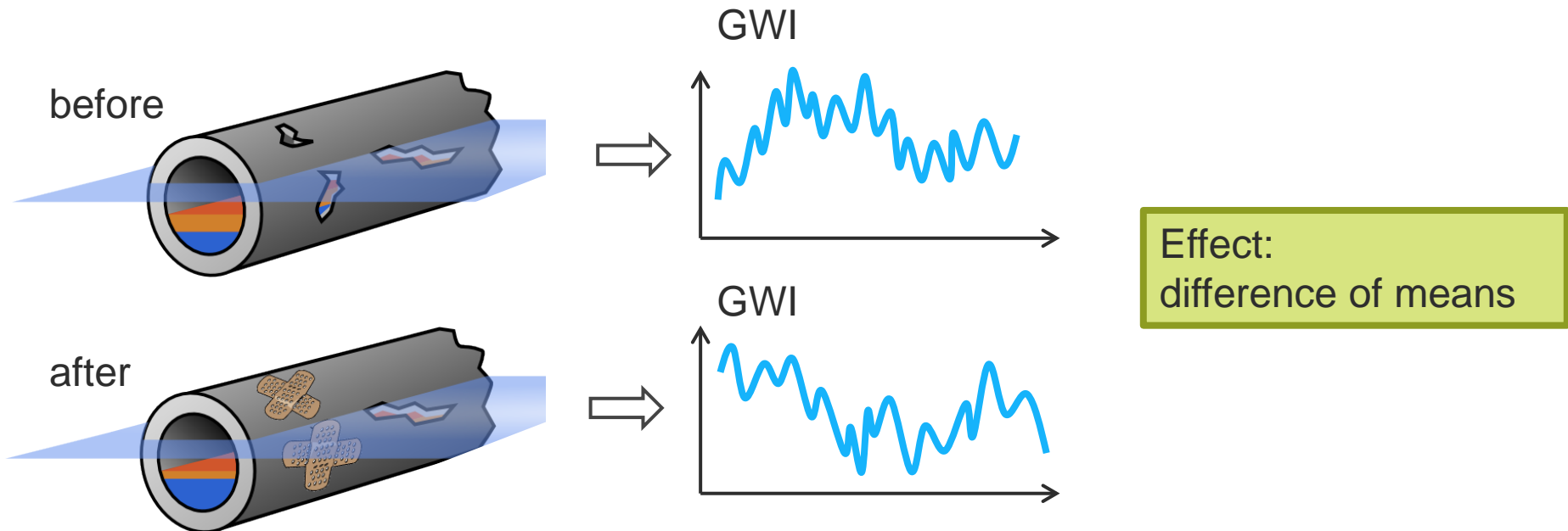


Is an effect due to the measure or due to changing conditions?

Approach i)

Measure long time series

IDEA: If we measure *long* enough we have a chance to capture all variabilities

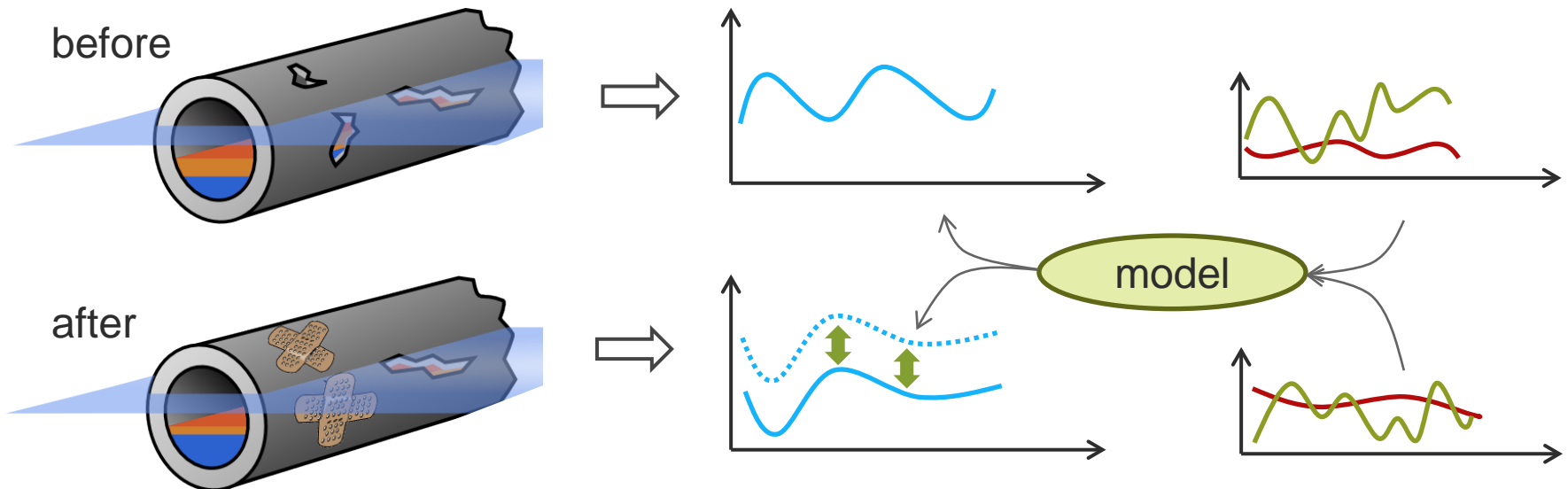


Approach ii)

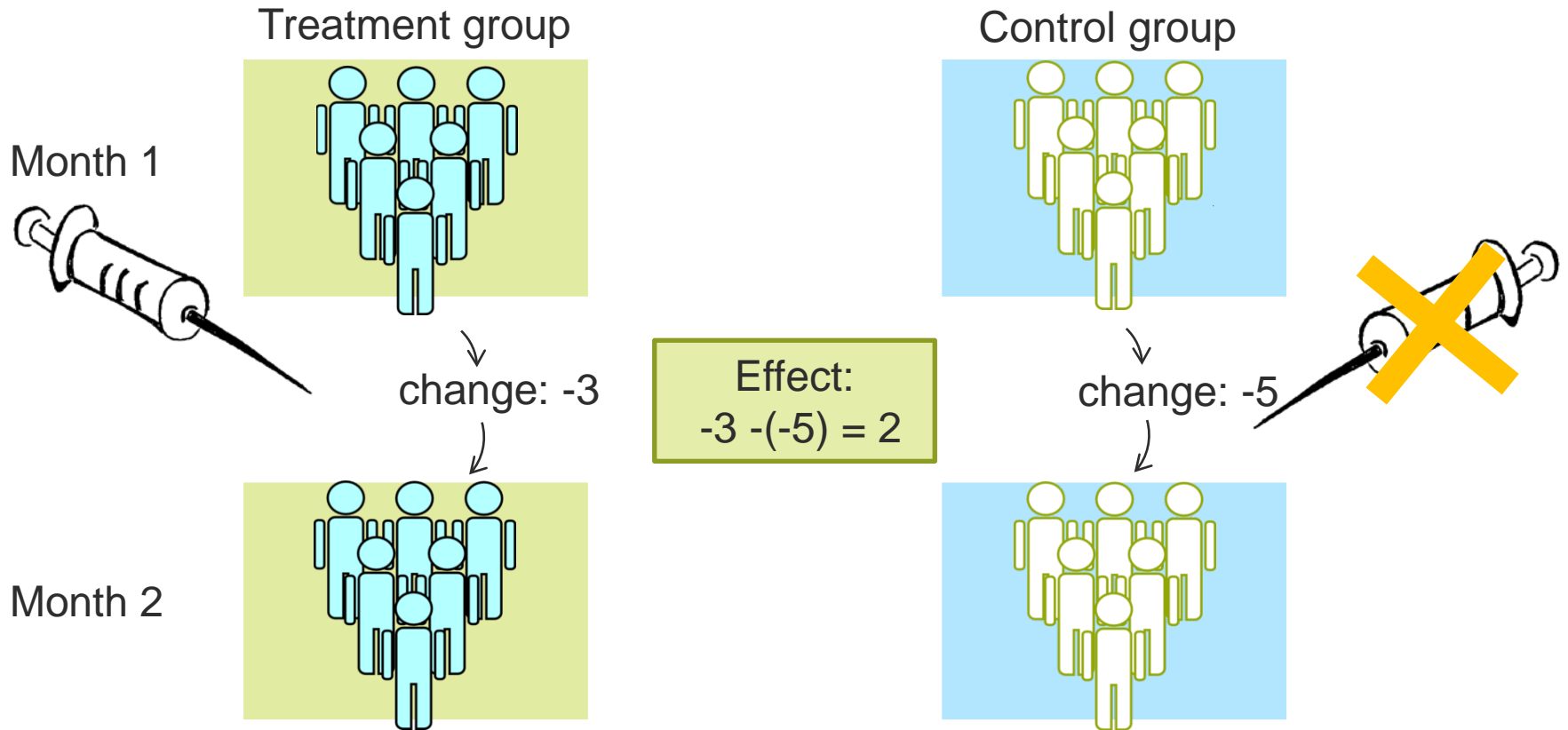
Compare with GWI model

- IDEA: - Measure GWI *and* all relevant external factors
- Model GWI

Effect:
difference of model
and measurement



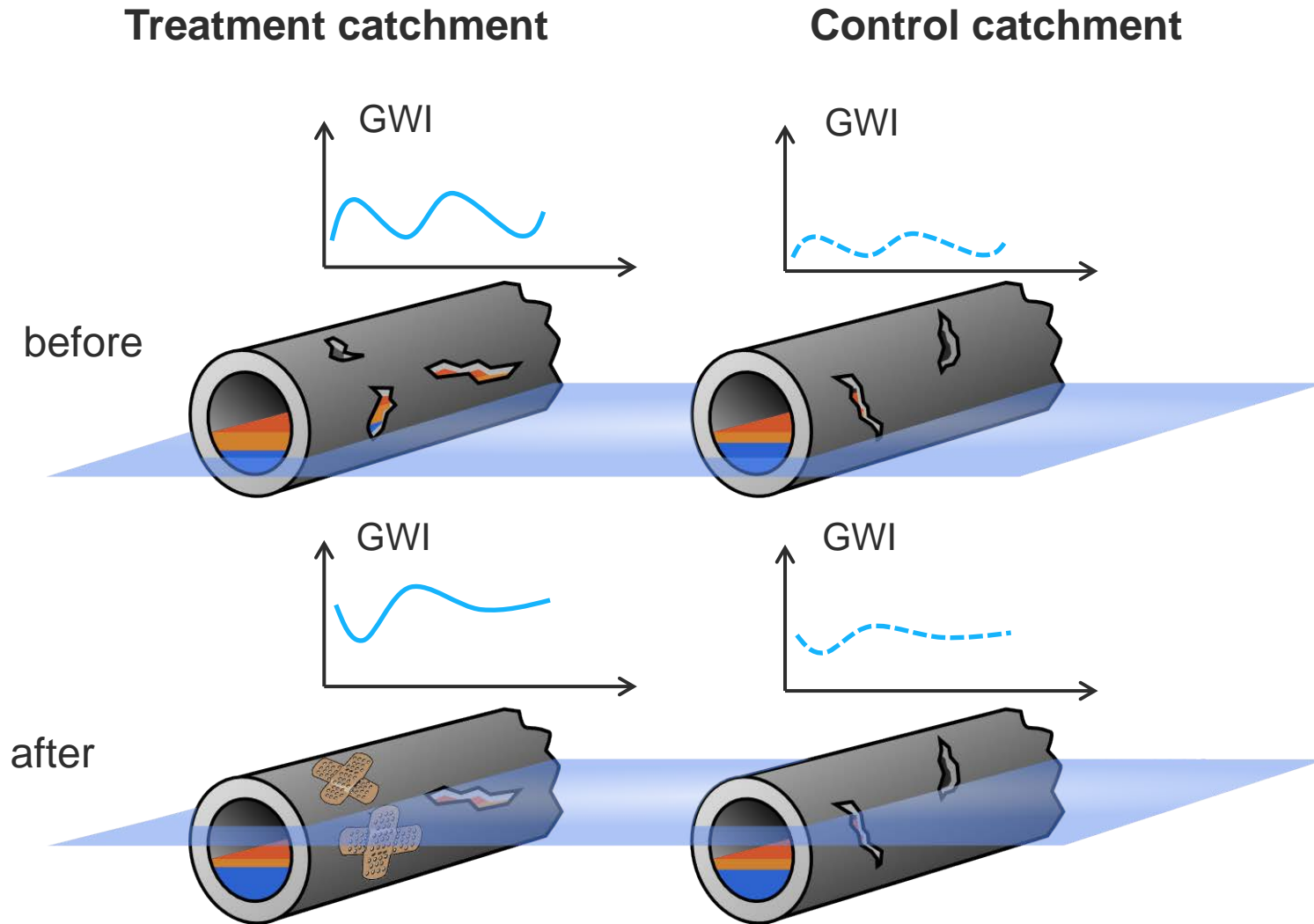
Similar problems occur in clinical trials



IDEA: “measure” the effects of all (potentially unknown) factors with a control group.

Approach iii)

Use of a control catchment



Approach iii)

How to calculate the effect?

Multiplicative regression model:

$$GWI_i = \beta_1 \beta_2^{I(\text{rehab})} \beta_3^{I(\text{control})} \epsilon_i$$

indicator functions:
either '1' or '0'

stochastic error term

base level

effect of rehabilitation

difference between catchments

Formal framework to deal with uncertainties, but:



Autocorrelation must be considered!

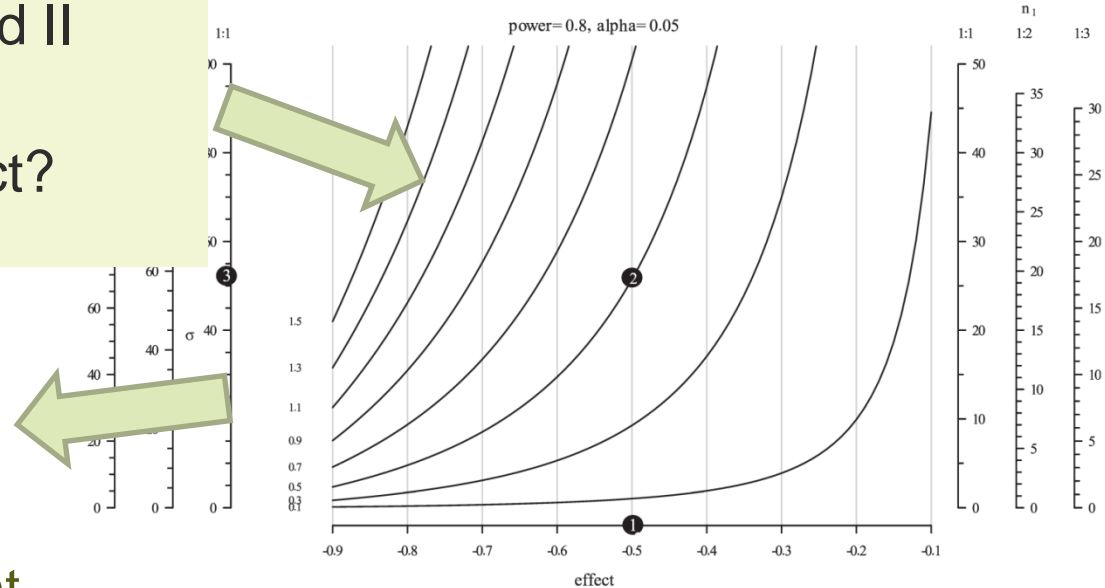
How long do we have to measure?

Experimental design

Factors that influence the require sample size:

- What effects size is of interest?
- What chance of type I and II error do I accept?
- What variation do I expect?

n_{before}
 n_{after}



Ideally sample same amount of data before and after.

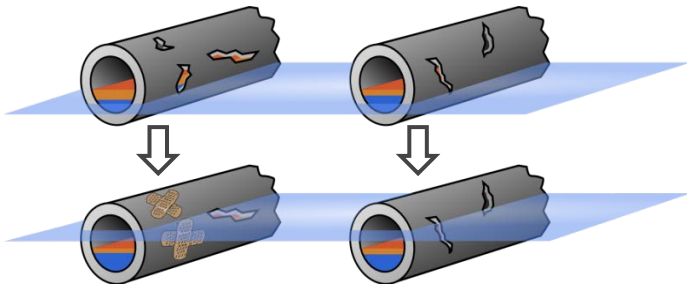
Stauffer, P., Scheidegger, A., and Rieckermann, J. (2012) Assessing the performance of sewer rehabilitation on the reduction of infiltration and inflow. Water Research.

Conclusions

Performance evaluation is important.



Naïve comparison leads to over- or underestimation of the effect.



$$GWI_i = \beta_1 \beta_2^{I(\text{rehab})} \beta_3^{I(\text{control})} \epsilon_i$$

The presented approach:

- is based on a simple model.
- enables statistical testing.
- enables to estimate the sample size.
- is applicable on different metrics.