Assessment of detection limits of fiber-optic distributed temperature sensing for detection of illicit connections



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Introduction

Separate sewer systems => Main issue: illicit connections





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DTS powerful tool for detection

How powerful?



Detection limits: site specific parameters

• Spill conditions – temperature and volume

Source	indicative average	average discharge
	volume per usage	temperature (°C)
Bath	100	30
Shower	50	35
Toilet flush	5	18
Washing machine	40	30
Food preparation	1,5	50

Detection limits: site specific parameters

- Spill conditions temperature and volume
- House connection length, geometry, soil temperature





Detection limits: site specific parameters

- Spill conditions temperature and volume
- House connection length, geometry, soil temperature
- Sewer conditions water level, flow, temperature



Detection limits: monitoring equipment

- Cable properties position, length
- Instrument properties quality of 'computer'





Test rig Breda: 50 m, 600 mm sewer, flow+ water level control



Horizontale doorsnede



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Experiment set up





Experiment set up

- 2 computers (HALO and ULTIMA) with 3 cable positions
- Empty, 50% and 100% filled sewer conduit
- WC discharges (5 litres at various temperatures)





Results computer: HALO WC discharge



13

Results – ULTIMA WC discharge



Results –HALO vs ULTIMA – WC discharge (dt = 60 s and dx = 2 m)



Results cable position 100% full sewer

cable top

cable bottom





Results cable position 50% full sewer

cable top

cable bottom



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Conclusion

- DTS is powerful tool for detection of illicit connections
- Well established detection limits
- Sewer conditions (water level/mixing) determine required quality of monitoring equipment, cable position and monitoring period

